

TOPLINE: SCREENER

Are you, or is anyone in your household, employed in the news media or a market research firm?

0% Yes → *Disqualified*
100% No

Are you currently registered to vote in your state?

100% Yes
0% No → *Disqualified*

What is your current age?

Disqualified if younger than 18 and older than 45

(39%) 35% Gen-Z (18-29 years old)
(61%) 65% Millennial (30-45 years old)

What is your gender?

(50%) 50% Male
(50%) 50% Female

TOPLINE: POLL QUESTIONS

01. Do you believe there should be laws limiting abortion?

- (18%) 20% Yes, in all circumstances
- (49%) 46% Yes, in some circumstances
- (33%) 34% No, not at all

02. Which one of the following most closely resembles your views on intentional/elective abortion, when the life of the mother and fetus are not in danger and when the laws include provisions for rape and incest?

- (14%) 17% Abortion should never be legal.
- [NEW] 26% Abortion should only be legal in cases of rape, incest, or to save the life of the mother.
- (16%) 13% Abortions should not be legal after a heartbeat is confirmed, usually around 6-7 weeks.
- (14%) 12% Abortion should be legal only in the first three months/12 weeks of pregnancy.
- (13%) 13% Abortion should be legal prior to viability (when the fetus can survive outside the womb), usually after 21 weeks.
- (10%) 11% Abortion should be legal at any time during pregnancy.
- (7%) 8% Abortion should be legal any time during pregnancy and extend to ending the life of any child born during a failed abortion.

** 2025 scores were recalculated to account for the inclusion of new "rape, incest" question in 2026. Keeping the 2026 value of 26% constant and retroactively applying it to 2025 gives the values shown. Initial values were as follows:
Never - 19% | Heartbeat - 22% | 1st Trimester - 19% | Viability - 18% | Any time until birth - 13% | Incl. born alive - 9%

03. If it were demonstrated that a fetus can begin to feel pain at 12.5 weeks of pregnancy, would you support or oppose abortion limits after 12.5 weeks?

- (50%) 44% Support abortion limits at the point of pain
- (50%) 56% Oppose abortion limits at the point of pain

04. If an abortion is attempted but the infant survives and is alive and breathing outside the womb, which of the following should happen?

- (66%) 66% All reasonable efforts should be made to save the baby by the staff present and 911 should be called to take the baby to the hospital
- (23%) 24% All reasonable efforts should be made to save the baby by the staff present onsite, without calling 911
- (10%) 9% Nothing should be done since the mother was trying to have an abortion done

05. **[NEW] Where does abortion rank among issues that matter to you when voting for a political candidate?**

- 12% The most important issue
- 17% Among the top 2 issues
- 24% Among the top 3 issues
- 12% Among the top 4 issues
- 18% Among the top 5 issues
- 18% Outside the top 5 issues

06. **How would you want political candidates to position themselves on the issue of abortion?**

- (28%) 28% Strongly in favor of abortion access
- (15%) 17% Moderately in favor of abortion access
- (13%) 12% Slightly in favor of abortion access
- (12%) 11% Slightly in favor of abortion restrictions
- (13%) 13% Moderately in favor of abortion restrictions
- (19%) 18% Strongly in favor of abortion restriction

07. **[NEW] Under current U.S. laws, women are not subject to criminal penalties for seeking or obtaining an abortion. Thinking about possible future laws, do you believe women who seek abortions should face criminal penalties?**

- 54% No, women should not face penalties
- 33% Yes, in some case
- 6% Yes, in all cases
- 7% Not sure

08. **Would you support LIMITS on abortion for each of the following reasons, assuming the health of the fetus and the mother are not at risk?**

	I would NOT support limits for this reason	I would SLIGHTLY support limits for this reason	I would LIKELY support limits for this reason	I would DEFINITELY support limits for this reason
In cases where the fetus is viable (can live outside the womb), usually at 22 weeks	34% (33%)	20% (21%)	19% (20%)	26% (25%)
Once the fetus has a heartbeat, usually after a month and a half after conception	42% (39%)	22% (23%)	17% (17%)	20% (21%)
Once the baby is conceived, when the egg and sperm unite to form a unique life	47% (46%)	20% (19%)	14% (16%)	19% (18%)
To prevent sex selection abortion	42% (38%)	16% (18%)	14% (17%)	27% (27%)
To prevent abortions based on survivable fetal diagnoses such as Down syndrome	39% (38%)	26% (24%)	17% (19%)	17% (20%)
Once the fetus can experience pain, if demonstrated at 12.5 weeks	38% (37%)	22% (22%)	18% (18%)	22% (23%)

09. **Legally speaking, at what point below do you believe human rights begin?**

(18%)	21%	At conception, when a new human life with unique DNA begins and grows
(20%)	19%	At a confirmed heartbeat
(11%)	11%	At three months of pregnancy, 12.5 weeks, if it can be demonstrated that pain begins at this point
(11%)	11%	At about five months of pregnancy, about 21 weeks or after, when a baby can live outside the womb, also known as viability
(25%)	25%	After birth
(2%)	0%	After a court or law declares it
(7%)	6%	It depends on other variables
(4%)	5%	Not sure
(2%)	2%	Prefer not to answer

10. **Which of the following do you believe are most important for elected politicians to pass to support mothers, newborns, and families? Select all that apply.**

- (68%) 70% Keeping healthcare costs for pregnancy and birth affordable
- (66%) 65% Paid family leave for new parents that gives them time with their newborn child without sacrificing income
- (63%) 64% Education and support services focusing on educating new parents about childcare, health, and child development
- (66%) 63% Child health and development programs that provide resources for early childhood development, such as home visitation programs, parenting classes, and early intervention services for developmental delays
- (60%) 62% Childcare subsidies to make childcare more affordable to single mothers or low-income families
- (61%) 60% Child tax credits: financial assistance for eligible families in the form of reduced tax liability for each qualifying child under a certain age
- [NEW] 59% Support for parents who want to place a child for adoption or adopt a child
- (59%) 57% Workplace support programs (e.g., parking, nursing spaces, childcare, etc.)
- (59%) 54% Programs to support parents who are in college (e.g., parking, nursing spaces, childcare, etc.)
- (51%) 48% Child support from the father to the mother that begins during pregnancy

11. **Would you be more willing to accept limits on abortion if you knew that states and the federal government offered increased support (such as some of the items in the previous question) for mothers and their children? ****

- (31%) 34% Yes, I would be more willing to accept limits
- (22%) 24% No, I would not be more willing to accept limits
- (47%) 42% This would not change my opinion about abortion limits

** Question wording modified from 2025 poll

12. **[NEW] How supportive or opposed would you be to a law in your state that restricts most abortions while allowing exceptions in cases of rape, incest, or to save the life of the mother?**

- 30% Strongly supportive
- 23% Somewhat supportive
- 20% Neither supportive nor opposed
- 10% Somewhat opposed
- 17% Strongly opposed

More than half of abortions today are through taking abortion-inducing drugs. Two pills, mifepristone (Mifeprex) and misoprostol (Cytotec), are prescribed by a healthcare provider and are then taken by a woman to end a pregnancy.

The Federal Drug Administration (FDA) now allows for the distribution of these pills through online telehealth sales, allowing for no-test, online distribution of the pills to any person, minors, men, or pregnant women. In May 2025, a study of more than 800,000 health insurance claims of women who received abortion-inducing drugs reported substantially higher rates of medical complications than had been reported in earlier clinical trials, raising questions among some policymakers and medical professionals about the safety of no-test, mail-order distribution models.

Ultrasound screenings (a simple imaging technique used to show images of structures within the body) are often used to determine how far along a woman is in pregnancy. They are also used to determine if a woman has an ectopic pregnancy, a condition occurring in 1-2% of pregnancies where the fetus has implanted outside of the uterus/womb. In an ectopic pregnancy, the abortion-inducing drugs will not end the pregnancy, and the woman can have severe complications, including death. [<https://www.webmd.com/drugs/2/drug-20222-325/mifepristone-oral/mifepristone-oral/details>] **

13. Considering this information on the risk of complications due to a failed abortion or an ectopic pregnancy, how important do you feel it is to have ultrasound screenings before distributing abortion-inducing drugs?

- (8%) 8% Not at all important
- (25%) 28% Somewhat important
- (26%) 26% Moderately important
- (41%) 38% Extremely important

** Description text modified from 2025 poll

A blood test is needed to check a woman's Rh blood status. About 15% of women have Rh-negative blood. If the blood of an Rh-positive fetus gets into the bloodstream of an Rh-negative woman, the woman's body produces antibodies that could attack the fetus' blood cells, leading to serious health problems, even death, for a fetus or a newborn. The antibodies also put the mother's future children at risk while in the womb. Antibodies can be formed after a miscarriage, ectopic pregnancy, or an abortion. If Rh-negative blood is detected very early in the pregnancy, a prescription medicine (Rhogram) can be given to prevent antibodies from forming. [<https://www.acog.org/womens-health/faqs/the-rh-factor-how-it-can-affect-your-pregnancy>] **

14. Considering this information, how important do you feel it is to require women to receive a Rh blood test to know about the risks of future pregnancies? **

- (8%) 6% Not at all important
- (25%) 26% Somewhat important
- (27%) 27% Moderately important
- (39%) 41% Extremely important

** Description text and question wording modified from 2025 poll

There is evidence that some women have been given abortion pills without their knowledge and consent, generally by partners acting against their wishes. Some argue that this practice is more easily done with online sales of the abortion pills. The Washington Post, CNN, and other news sources have reported such cases. In several instances, men have been charged and found guilty of secretly administering abortion-inducing drugs to women without consent. **

15. Do you support or oppose limiting the obtaining/prescribing of abortion-inducing drugs to in-person medical visits only in order to prevent misuse as shown in the examples above? **

- 27% Strongly support
- 23% Somewhat support
- 24% Neither support nor oppose
- 12% Somewhat oppose
- 15% Strongly oppose

(66%) Support

(34%) Oppose

** Description text and response options modified from 2025 poll

Women taking the abortion pills are instructed to flush the products of the abortion (placenta, the human embryo or fetus, blood) in the toilet. This medical waste can be “hazardous if not disposed properly.” Additionally, given how one of the abortion pills (misoprostol) is administered/inserted, some of that medication could be passed into the toilet as well (see [this website](#)). All of this could then pass to the wastewater system, potentially affecting the fertility of animals and fish, according to the article by the FDA, *Don’t Flush! Why Your Drug Disposal Method Matters*. Abortion pills are the leading abortion method in the United States, with at least 600,000 or more of these abortions occurring per year. **

16. How important is it to conduct studies on the potential environmental impact of waste and drugs related to abortion?

- (10%) 10% Not at all important
- (28%) 34% Somewhat important
- (31%) 25% Moderately important
- (32%) 30% Extremely important

** Description text modified from 2025 poll

17. In doctor’s offices, clinics, and hospitals, medical waste of all types is collected in red or yellow bags and containers for medical waste to dispose of properly. These bags/containers are also sometimes used in the home setting for the placenta from at-home births, for miscarriages, and to collect kidney stones, among other reasons. Considering the environmental impact noted above, how important is it to require those who distribute abortion pills to also provide medical bags/ containers to collect the products of abortion and return to the provider for disposal? **

- (9%) 10% Not at all important
- (26%) 31% Somewhat important
- (31%) 26% Moderately important
- (33%) 33% Extremely important

** Description text modified from 2025 poll

18. **[NEW]** How favorably or unfavorably would you view legislators or political leaders working to address the various environmental considerations related to abortion-inducing pills?

- 6% Very unfavorably
- 6% Somewhat unfavorably
- 8% Slightly unfavorably
- 32% Neither favorably nor unfavorably
- 16% Slightly favorably
- 16% Somewhat favorably
- 16% Very favorably

19. **[NEW]** Some recent studies have raised questions about whether existing, 20+ year old safety data for abortion-inducing pills fully reflect current distribution practices, including newer no-test, online prescribing models. Researchers have also noted that potential environmental impacts related to the disposal of biological material from medication abortions have never been studied.

How important is it for federal agencies to review and update their safety and environmental evaluations of abortion-inducing pills to reflect current distribution models?

- 6% Not at all important
- 32% Somewhat important
- 31% Moderately important
- 31% Extremely important

20. **How favorably do you view Planned Parenthood?**

- (11%) 8% Very unfavorably
- (7%) 8% Somewhat unfavorably
- (24%) 27% Neither favorably nor unfavorably
- (25%) 20% Somewhat favorably
- (34%) 37% Very favorably

[NEW] Planned Parenthood’s latest annual report indicates the organization received nearly \$700 million in government funding, representing about 34% of its total budget. In recent years, various members of Congress and public organizations have called for a federal review of Planned Parenthood’s practices, citing concerns about financial management, compliance with federal funding requirements, and workplace issues. For example, the Government Accountability Office has reported that Planned Parenthood affiliates received approximately \$89 million in Paycheck Protection Program loans, which some lawmakers argue were distributed improperly. In addition, several employee lawsuits have raised workplace-related allegations, and some complaints have focused on reporting practices (such as a failure to report possible sex crimes against women) and quality-of-care disputes. These matters remain contested and under review in different legal or administrative settings.

21. **[NEW]** Would you support or oppose a federal investigation to determine whether Planned Parenthood should remain eligible to participate in federal programs?

- 21% Strongly support
- 25% Somewhat support
- 28% Neither support nor oppose
- 13% Somewhat oppose
- 14% Strongly oppose

[NEW] Federally qualified health centers (FQHCs) number nearly 1,400 nationwide and operate [more than 19,000 service sites](#) that provide general medical care regardless of a patient's ability to pay. By comparison, [Planned Parenthood reports operating about 600 health centers](#). [National workforce data](#) also show a large number of primary-care clinicians practicing in the United States, including approximately 268,000 primary care physicians, 271,000 nurse practitioners, and 26,000 physician assistants.

22. **[NEW]** Given the availability of other healthcare providers and service sites, do you believe the services currently offered by Planned Parenthood could be provided by other existing healthcare locations?

- 50% Yes
- 22% No
- 28% Not sure

23. **[NEW]** How likely would you be to support political leaders who propose reallocating some public healthcare funding from Planned Parenthood to other providers that offer comprehensive, non-abortion healthcare services?

- 14% Very unlikely
- 13% Somewhat unlikely
- 36% Neither likely nor unlikely
- 22% Somewhat likely
- 14% Very likely

Planned Parenthood reports that it is one of the nation’s largest providers of gender-related medical treatments, including puberty blockers and cross-sex hormones, and these services have expanded in recent years as part of its broader healthcare offerings. Some Planned Parenthood locations provide these treatments to minors, though state laws differ regarding whether parental involvement or consent is required. Medical guidelines note that these treatments may involve potential risks—including effects on bone density, fertility, and other aspects of development – and research on long-term outcomes is ongoing. Such protocols can permanently sterilize minors. Some minors later discontinue or reverse their gender transition, raising questions about reversibility. In recent years, several European health authorities have tightened their protocols for minors, and many U.S. states have enacted new regulations addressing these treatments. **

24. **How supportive or opposed are you to Planned Parenthood providing gender-related medical treatments – such as puberty blockers or cross-sex hormones – to minors, given concerns that some treatments may result in permanent sterilization? ****

- (14%) 15% Strongly support
- (18%) 18% Somewhat support
- (28%) 30% Neither support nor oppose
- (14%) 14% Somewhat oppose
- (26%) 24% Strongly oppose

** Description text and question wording modified from 2025 poll

25. **[NEW] In light of the information in the previous questions, how favorably do you view Planned Parenthood?**

- 11% Very unfavorably
- 11% Somewhat unfavorably
- 34% Neither favorably nor unfavorably
- 20% Somewhat favorably
- 24% Very favorably

26. **[NEW] Do you think violent incidents directed at people expressing their political or social views on college campuses and in public spaces have increased, decreased, or stayed about the same in recent years?**

- 49% Increased
- 34% Stayed about the same
- 8% Decreased
- 8% Not sure

27. **[NEW]** Some public reports and widely covered incidents have raised concerns about violence directed at individuals expressing their views, including speakers and activists from various points across the political spectrum.

How concerned are you about violence directed at people expressing their views on college campuses or in public spaces?

- 8% Not at all concerned
- 39% Somewhat concerned
- 29% Moderately concerned
- 24% Extremely concerned

28. **[NEW]** Some colleges require student groups to pay security or facility fees when hosting certain speakers or events that they deem controversial. How important is it to you that colleges and universities prioritize and financially support free-speech opportunities on campus?

- 6% Not at all important
- 28% Somewhat important
- 32% Moderately important
- 33% Extremely important